

# 國立金門大學

## 100 學年度進修學士班單獨招生試題

### 科目：英文

(企業管理學系、運動與休閒學系、電子與資訊學系、觀光管理學系、國際暨大陸事務學系)

#### —作答注意事項—

考試時間：80 分鐘

題型題數：

◎ 單一選擇題共 50 題

配分：

◎ 每題 2 分，總分 100 分

作答方式：

◎ 作答前請先核對答案卷上之准考證號、座位貼條之號碼及科目名稱是否相符。

◎ 用 **2B** 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答，修正時應以橡皮擦拭，切勿使用修正液。

◎ 答案卷上不可填寫姓名或其他與作答無關的符號。

選擇題答錯不倒扣

※請先詳閱上述注意事項再行作答。

祝考試順利

國 立 金 門 大 學  
1 0 0 學 年 度 進 修 學 士 班 單 獨 招 生 試 題

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1. The line was busy, and the operator asked me if I would like to hang on. I told her that I would hang up and call back later.  
(A) wait (B) talk (C) sleep (D) leave
2. I was tied up all morning. I did not even have time to go to the bathroom.  
(A) busy (B) sad (C) sick (D) tired
3. I am a shy person in front of crowds, so I was really \_\_\_\_\_ when I forgot part of my speech.  
(A) brave (B) angry (C) embarrassed (D) humorous
4. Singapore's \_\_\_\_\_ achievements are extraordinary. Their standard of living reflects their prosperity.  
(A) technological (B) diplomatic (C) economic (D) academic
5. I'm sorry to \_\_\_\_\_ you when you are busy, but may I ask you a question?  
(A) interrupt (B) interest (C) introduce (D) investigate
6. The rapid growth of the nation's economy has made it one of the most attractive markets in the world. In a \_\_\_\_\_ country like this, no one should go hungry.  
(A) prosperous (B) disabled (C) hardened (D) failing
7. Kinmen, also known as Quemoy in some western countries, is a small \_\_\_\_\_ located off the southeastern coast of China.  
(A) country (B) inland (C) island (D) isolation
8. We celebrate \_\_\_\_\_ on the fourth Thursday of November with a big turkey dinner.  
(A) Thanksgiving (B) Christmas (C) Dragon Boat (D) Lantern Festival
9. John and Jessica have a son. His name is Jason. Although he is just three years old, he already \_\_\_\_\_ his father. They both have a big nose.  
(A) resembles (B) represents (C) pursues (D) inspects
10. All of my brothers are taller than my mother, but I'm the \_\_\_\_\_ one that is taller than my father.  
(A) every (B) only (C) any (D) other

11. Taipei is Taiwan's capital, so it is \_\_\_\_\_ in Taiwan.  
 (A) as prosperous as  
 (B) most prosperous  
 (C) more prosperous than any city  
 (D) more prosperous than any other city
12. As part of Chinese kitchen utensils, silver chopsticks \_\_\_\_\_ protect people against poison.  
 (A) says to (B) are said to (C) is said to (D) are saying
13. Let's keep in touch. We're looking forward \_\_\_\_\_ from you soon.  
 (A) to hear (B) to hearing (C) hearing (D) in hearing
14. It's raining hard. We \_\_\_\_\_ home.  
 (A) suppose to stay (B) suppose staying (C) are supposed to stay (D) are supposing to stay
15. Thirty years \_\_\_\_\_ passed since I began to teach. Thirty years \_\_\_\_\_ really a long time.  
 (A) have, is (B) has, is (C) have, are (D) has, are
16. They arrived \_\_\_\_\_ the hotel at 9:30 p.m.  
 (A) in (B) to (C) at (D) with
17. Mr. Kramer must be worried \_\_\_\_\_ his connection.  
 (A) for (B) with (C) at (D) about
18. What did you have \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast this morning?  
 (A) for (B) with (C) to (D) about
19. Please come to Kinmen! We will welcome you very \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) friendly (B) lovely (C) warmly (D) hardly
20. I was \_\_\_\_\_ a bath when the phone rang, so I missed an important call.  
 (A) take (B) took (C) taken (D) taking
21. If you had been more careful crossing the street, you \_\_\_\_\_ have been hit by the bicycle.  
 (A) would not (B) would (C) will (D) were not
22. We \_\_\_\_\_ for hours before I noticed that it was past midnight and we were late.  
 (A) have danced (B) had danced (C) dance (D) are dancing
23. Julia isn't available to help me move and Brian isn't available, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) neither (B) either (C) too (D) nor
24. Paul: \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ go for a drink after work?  
 Billy: Well, yes, I guess that would be okay.  
 (A) Are...to (B) Do...have to (C) Would...like to (D) Will...to
25. Sue: The telephone is ringing.  
 Helen: That \_\_\_\_\_ Sam. He said he would phone at this time.  
 (A) will be (B) might be (C) would have been (D) might have been
26. I live in a small town now, but I have lived in Paris and New York. Both cities are \_\_\_\_\_ where I live now.

(A) big (B) as far from (C) farther from (D) bigger than

27. John: \_\_\_\_\_

Jane: I'm attending for the conference on Asian Business Interests.

- (A) What are you here for?
- (B) Where are you from?
- (C) How do you like it here?
- (D) When did you come here?

28. Waiter: Good morning. Table for three?

Guest: \_\_\_\_\_

- (A) The buffet is \$ 15.
- (B) I am occupied
- (C) Yes, please.
- (D) Coming right up then!

29. Man: Do you mind if I smoke here?

Woman: \_\_\_\_\_

- (A) Not very often.
- (B) Not as usual.
- (C) Not at all.
- (D) Of course it is.

30. James: \_\_\_\_\_ to New Zealand?

Jenny: Yes, I have. That's a wonderful place.

- (A) Do you ever be
- (B) Do you ever go
- (C) Have you ever been
- (D) Have you ever gone

31. Man: What a beautiful family. Are they yours?

Woman: yes, this is my husband, Stanley, and our two kids.

Man: You look so young. When was this taken?

Woman: It was only last summer, while on vacation in Hawaii.

Man: I should have known that from all the scenery.

Woman: The next page is our trip to Holland. That's us by the café.

**Question: What are the man and woman probably looking at?**

- (A) They are watching people from their table in a café.
- (B) They are watching a video of the woman's vacation.
- (C) They are looking at pictures in a photo album.
- (D) They are looking at the beautiful scenery with their family.

### Questions 32~36

According to a recent report, the birth rate in Taiwan has fallen to a new low. Having fewer babies means that fewer young people will work in the future and that elderly people will not be well looked after. 32, the country's economy will be weakened, and the government will have to spend an astronomical sum of money to take care of the 33. Another effect is that a low birth rate will cause some people to lose their 34. Recently, many schools have become overstaffed because there are fewer pupils now. The 35 of teachers has posed a big problem for education officials. Finally, to make up for the labor shortage, a lot of foreign workers have to be hired to build houses or bridges, to work as nannies, and so on. Many 36 have arisen, as witnessed by the recent Thai workers' riot in Kaohsiung.

32. (A) At any rate            (B) As a result            (C) On the whole            (D) In other words  
33. (A) babies                (B) young                (C) disabled                (D) aged  
34. (A) jobs                    (B) chances                (C) temper                (D) balance  
35. (A) qualification        (B) health                (C) oversupply            (D) overwork  
36. (A) opportunities        (B) conflicts                (C) obligations            (D) needs

### Questions 37~41

#### MEMO

To: All Employees  
From: Management

This is a notice to 37 you about our new "Casual Fridays" dress policy. The company will now 38 employees to dress less formally on Fridays because few people have big meetings and spend most of the day catching up on paper work.

Starting next week, male employees are not required to wear a business suit and tie and female employees are not required to wear skirts on Fridays 39 they have a meeting planned. Casual pants, button-down shirts and knit sweaters are 40, but jeans, t-shirts and shorts are not.

If you have any comments or questions about this policy, please 41 the supervisor in your department.

37. (A) inform                (B) communicate            (C) write                (D) advertise  
38. (A) forbid                (B) force                (C) permit                (D) criticize  
39. (A) because            (B) unless                (C) in case                (D) if  
40. (A) acceptable        (B) honorable                (C) necessary            (D) unacceptable  
41. (A) ignore                (B) avoid                (C) gesture to            (D) contact

**Questions 42~44**

**TAIPEI ELECTRIC EMPORIUM**

**GOING OUT OF BUSINESS SALE**

**Everything Must Go!!!**

**Excellent prices on electric items for home and office**

**30% off all televisions**

**Refrigerators reduced by 40%**

**Free delivery for purchases over NT\$ 5,000!**

**~ ONE WEEK ONLY ~**

42. What item would you probably NOT find at this sale?
- (A) A lamp.
  - (B) A desk.
  - (C) A radio
  - (D) A refrigerator.
43. How much will you have to spend for free delivery?
- (A) Less than NT\$5,000.
  - (B) About NT\$5,000.
  - (C) At least NT\$5,000.
  - (D) More than NT\$5,000
44. If you want to buy a television with a price tag of NT\$10,000, how much should you pay eventually?
- (A) NT\$10,000.
  - (B) NT\$7,000.
  - (C) NT\$4,000.
  - (D) NT\$3,000.

**Questions 45~47**

Ha Jin was born in Liaoning, China in 1956. He entered the People's Liberation Army when he was 14 and was a soldier for six years. He went on to study English at universities in both China and the USA. He completed a Ph.D. in Literature at Brandeis University in the United States in 1996 and decided to stay in America. He had a difficult time finding a job so he took odd jobs and began writing English poetry, short stories and novels. After some of his writing was published, he began

to garner some attention and soon landed a job at Emory University. He has continued to write and his most recent novel, *Waiting*, won both the 1999 National Book Award and the 2000 PEN/Faulkner Award for Fiction.

45. When did Ha Jin learn English?

- (A) In China when he was a university student.
- (B) He studied abroad when he was 14.
- (C) After he moved to America.
- (D) He doesn't speak English.

46. After he earned his Ph.D. :

- (A) Ha Jin began teaching Literature at Brandeis University.
- (B) Ha Jin returned to China.
- (C) Ha Jin had a hard time finding a job so he started writing.
- (D) Ha Jin began teaching at Emory University.

47. Why has Ha Jin won awards?

- (A) His excellent army service
- (B) His skills as a teacher
- (C) His ability to speak English
- (D) His novel, *Waiting*.

### Questions 48~50

In celebration of the 12th day of the fourth lunar month when the Garrison Command of ancient Kinmen was transferred to downtown "Houpu" (nowadays called "Jincheng"), the people of Kinmen designated this day as Chenghuang Lord's birthday. Thus, this day of greetings is always accompanied by the "Lord's patrols," and has become the biggest religious feast in Kinmen. The Lord's patrols are divided into a "Grand Patrol" and a "Minor Patrol." The Grand Patrol is a parade that takes place once in every leap year, while the Minor Patrol is held once a year. The former involves taking the idol on a tour of 13 suburban villages around Jincheng, but the latter is a parade just around downtown Jincheng. Normally the Lord's patrols are accompanied by a parade of lion dance teams, gong and drum teams, and martial arts performances, etc., all highlighting the happiness of the celebration. Worshippers and pilgrims with burning incense sticks just follow the parade and crowd the streets. Along the streets sacrifices are offered to the idol by every household. At night, they also invite friends and relatives to join their festival parties.

48. The article is mainly about a type of \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) local festival
- (B) national birthday

- (C) flower fair
- (D) car exhibition

49. The celebration is held at \_\_\_\_\_ in Kinmen.

- (A) a university
- (B) a town
- (C) a city
- (D) a hypermarket

50. Which of the following statement is not correct?

- (A) The feast is in celebration of Chenghuang Lord's birthday in Kinmen.
- (B) This is the biggest religious feast for Christians in Kinmen.
- (C) The Minor Patrol is held every year.
- (D) Night parties are usually included as part of the feast.